

2022 Generic and Brand Formulary

ALZHEIMER'S AGENTS

Memantine (Namenda)

ANTI-NEOPLASTICS AND ADJUNCTIVE THERAPIES

Doxorubicin (Adriamycin)
Vincristine (Oncovin)

ANTI-MALARIAL

Mefloquine (Lariam)

CEPHALOSPORINS

Cefaclor (Ceclor)
Cefadroxil (Duricef)
Cephalexin (Keflex)
Cefuroxime (Ceftin)

ERYTHROMYCINS & OTHER MACROLIDES

Azithromycin (Zithromax, Z-PAK)
Clarithromycin (Biaxin, BiaxinXL)
Erythromycin Base (Ery-Tab, E-Mycin)
Erythromycin Ethylsuccinate (E.E.S., EryPed)
Erythromycin Stearate (Erythrocin)
Erythromycin, Sulfisoxazole (Pediazole)

PENICILLINS

Amoxicillin (Amoxil)
Amoxicillin/ Clav. (Augmentin)
Ampicillin (Principen)
Dicloxacillin (Dycill, Dynapen)
Penicillin VK (Pen-VK)

QUINILONES

Ciprofloxacin (Cipro)
Ofloxacin (Floxin)
Levofloxacin (Levaquin)

SULFONAMIDES

TMP-SMX (Bactrim DS, Bactrim)

TETRACYCLINES

Doxycycline (Vibramycin, Monodox)
Minocycline (Minocin)
Tetracycline (Sumycin V)

ANTI-FUNGAL AGENTS

Clotrimazole (Lotrimin) Clotrimazole/
Betamethasone (Lotrisone)
Econazole (Spectazole)
Fluconazole (Diflucan)
Griseofulvin (Gris-PEG, Grifulvin V)
Ketoconazole (Nizoral)
Metronidazole (Flagyl) 0
Nystatin Oral (Mycostatin)
Tolnaftate (Tinactin)
Terbinafine (Lamisil)

ANTI-FUNGAL (VAGINAL)

Clotrimazole (Mycelex-)
Fluconazole (Diflucan)
Miconazole (Monistat)

ANTI-INFECTIVE AGENTS- SPECIALIZED INDICATIONS

Chloroquine Phosphate (Aralen)
Ethambutol (Myambutol)
Hydroxychloroquine (Plaquenil)
Mebendazole (Vermox)
Neomycin

ANTI-NEOPLASTIC IMMUNO SUPPRESSANTS

Azathioprine (Imuran)
Cyclophosphamide (Cytosan)
Flutamide (Eulexin)
Hydroxyurea (Hydrea)
Leucovorin (Wellcovorin)
Megestrol (Megace)
Methotrexate (Rheumatrex)
Leflunomide (Arava)

TUBERCULOSIS AGENT

Ethambutol (Myambutol)

ANTI-PARASITICS

Mebendazole (Vermox)

ANTI-VIRAL AGENTS

Amantadine (Symmetrel)
Rimantadine (Flumadine)
Acyclovir (Zovirax)
Nevirapine (Viramune)
Valacyclovir (Valtrex)
Zidovudine (Retrovir)

ANTI-INFECTIVES

Clindamycin (Cleocin)
Isoniazid (Nydrazid)
Methenamine (Urex)
Nitrofurantoin
Macrodantin, Macrobid)
Rifampin (Rifadin)
Trimethoprim (Trimplex)

TOPICAL ANTI-BACTERIALS

Silver Sulfadiazine (Silvadene)

TOPICAL ANTI-FUNGAL AGENTS

Ciclopirox (Loprox, Penlac)
Nystatin/ Triamcinolone (Mycolog)

ANTI-VERTIGO ANTI-EMETICS

Hydroxyzine (Atarax)
Meclizine (Antivert)
Ondansetron (Zofran)
Prochlorperazine (Compazine)
Ondansetron (Zofran)
Promethazine (Phenergan)
Promethazine Suppository Rectal (Phenergan)
Trimethobenzamide (Tigan)

NARCOTIC ANALGESICS

Codeine APAP (Tylenol w/ Codeine)
APAP/Hydrocodone (Vicodin/Norco)
ASA/ Codeine (Empirin w/ Codeine)
Butalbital/ Acetaminophen (Phrenlin, Sedapap)
Butalbital/ APAP/ Caffeine (Fioricet)
Hydrocodone/ Ibuprofen (Vicoprofen)
Hydromorphone (Dilaudid)
Meperidine (Demerol)
Meperidine/ Promethazine (Mepergan)
Propoxyphene + Apap (Darvocet N-00/ Wygesic)
Morphine (MS Contin)
Oxycodone (Oxy IR)
Oxycodone/ APAP (Percocet)
Oxycodone/ ASA (Percodan)
Propoxyphene (Darvon)
Pentazocine/Nalaxone (Talacen/
Talwin NX)

ANALGESICS, NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY (NSAIDS)

Aspirin
Celecoxib (Celebrex)
Diflunisal (Dolobid)
Ibuprofen (Motrin)
Ketorolac (Toradol)
Meloxicam (Mobic)
Naproxen (Naprosyn)
Oxaprozin (Daypro)
Piroxicam (Feldene)
Sulindac (Clinoril)

ADD/ADHD AGENTS

Amphetamine/Dextroamphetamine (Adderall)
Dextroamphetamine (Dexedrine/
Dextrostat)
Methylphenidate (Ritalin/Methylin)

ANTI-CONVULSANTS

Carbamazepine (Tegretol)
Clorazepate (Tranxene-T)
Ethosuximide (Zarontin)
Gabapentin (Neurontin)
Levetiracetam (Keppra)
Levetiracetam ER (Keppra ER)
Lamotrigine (Lamictal)
Phenobarbital
Phenytoin/Phenytoin Extended (Dilantin)
Primidone (Mysoline)
Valproic Acid
Valproate (Depakene)
Divalproex (Depakote, ER)
Topiramate (Topamax)

ANTI-PARKINSON AGENTS

Amantadine (Symmetrel)
Benzotropine Mesylate (Cogentin)
Bromocriptine (Parlodel)
Carbidopa/Levodopa (Sinemet, Sinemet CR)
Ropinirole (Requip)
Selegiline (Eldepryl)
Trihexyphenidyl (Artane)

ANTI-PSYCHOTICS

Aripiprazole (Abilify)
Chlorpromazine (Thorazine)
Clozapine (Clozaril)
Fluphenazine (Prolixin)
Haloperidol (Haldol)
Loxapine (Loxitane)
Perphenazine (Trilafon)
Risperidone (Risperdal)
Thioridazine (Mellaril)
Thiothixene (Navane)
Trifluoperazine (Stelazine)
Quetiapine (Seroquel)

ANXIOLYTICS, SEDATIVES, HYPNOTICS

Alprazolam (Xanax)
Buspirone (Buspar)
Chlordiazepoxide (Librium)
Clonazepam (Klonopin)
Diazepam (Valium)
Estazolam (Prosom)
Flurazepam (Dalmane)
Lorazepam (Ativan)
Oxazepam (Serax)
Temazepam (Restoril)
Triazolam (Halcion)
Zolpidem (Ambien)

DRUGS TO PREVENT AND TREAT GOUT

Allopurinol (Zyloprim)
Colchicine (Colcrys)
Probenecid (Benemid)

MUSCLE RELAXANTS/ ANTI-SPASMODICS

Baclofen (Lioresal)
Carisoprodol (Soma)
Carisoprodol, Aspirin (Soma Compound)
Carisoprodol, Aspirin, Caffeine
Carisoprodol, Aspirin, Codeine (Soma Compound with Codeine)
Chlorzoxazone (Parafon Forte DSC)
Cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril)
Metaxalone (Skelaxin)
Methocarbamol (Robaxin)
Tizanidine (Zanaflex)

MIGRAINE

Sumatriptan (Imitrex)
Rizatriptan (Maxalt)

ALPHA BLOCKERS

Doxazosin (Cardura)
Prazosin (Minipress)

ANTI-DEPRESSANTS

Amitriptyline (Elavil)
Amitriptyline/Chlordiazepoxide (Limbitrol)
Amitriptyline/Perphenazine (Triavil)
Amoxapine (Asendin)
Bupropion (Wellbutrin)
Citalopram (Celexa)
Clomipramine (Anafril)
Duloxetine (Cymbalta)
Desipramine (Norpramin)
Doxepin (Sinequan)
Fluoxetine (Prozac)
Fluvoxamine (Luvox)
Escitalopram (Lexapro)
Imipramine (Tofranil)
Lithium Carbonate (Lithobid)
Maprotiline (Ludiomil)
Mirtazapine (Remeron)
Nortriptyline (Pamelor)
Paroxetine (Paxil)
Sertraline (Zoloft)
Trazadone (Desyrel)
Venlafaxine (Effexor)

RENAL FAILURE

Calcium Acetate (Phoslo)

CARDIOVASCULAR-ACE INHIBITORS

Benazepril (Lotensin)
Captopril (Capoten)
Enalapril (Vasotec)
Lisinopril (Zestril)
Ramipril (Altace)
Quinapril (Accupril)

CARDIOVASCULAR-ARB's

Losartan (Cozaar)
Valsartan (Diovan)
Olmesartan (Benicar)

ANTI-ARRHYTHMICS

Amiodarone (Cordarone) 0
Disopyramide (Norpace)
Flecainide (Tambocor)
Mexiletine (Mexitil)
Nitroglycerin (Nitrostat)
Procainamide (Procanbid)
Propafenone (Rythmol)
Quinidine

BETA-BLOCKERS

Acebutolol (Sectral)
Atenolol (Tenormin)
Betaxolol (Kerlone)
Bisoprolol (Zebeta)
Carvedilol (Coreg)
Labetolol (Normodyne)
Metoprolol (Lopressor, Toprol XL)
Nadolol (Corgard)
Pindolol (Visken)
Propranolol (Inderal)
Sotalol (Betapace)
Timolol (Blocadren)

CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS

Amlodipine (Norvasc)
Diltiazem (Cardizem SR)
Nicardipine (Cardene)
Nifedipine (Procardia XL)
Verapamil (Calan SR/ Isoptin SR)

CHOLESTEROL LOWERING AGENTS

Cholestyramine (Questran/ Light)
Gemfibrozil (Lopid)
Fenofibrate (Tricor)
Lovastatin (Mevacor)
Pravastatin (Pravachol)
Simvastatin (Zocor)
Rosuvastatin (Crestor)

Contact Member Services
Call: (866) 718-2375
Email: care@bmr-inc.com

The following table is a partial list of medications that may be eligible for Patient Assistance Programs (“PAP”). This list is subject to change and may have either additions, or deletions, or both, without notice. Financial need requirements vary by medication and manufacturer, and are based on your insurance coverage, household income, and projected out-of-pocket medical expenses. Other conditions could apply. For more information and to see if you qualify for any PAP, please contact the BMR Member Services Team.

Specialty Brand Name	Category
Adcirca	PAH - Hypertension
Letairis	PAH - Hypertension
Xeljanz	Inflammation, colitis, Rheumatoid arthritis
Entyvio	Ulcerative colitis, Crohn’s
Humira	Inflammation, Rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn’s
Cosentyx	Rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis
Prolia	Osteoporosis
Enbrel	Rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis
Dupixent	Eczema
Stelara	Psoriasis, Rheumatoid arthritis, colitis
Tremfya	Psoriasis, Rheumatoid arthritis
Nutropin	Growth hormone deficiency
Pulmozyme	Cystic fibrosis
Mavyret	Hepatitis C
Truvada	HIV

 **Need Help?**
Call our friendly Member Services Team at:
(866) 718-2375
Or send an email to:
care@bmr-inc.com

Website
Additional resources and information are available on our website.
Please create your free account at:
www.bmr-inc.com

The presence of a prescription drug on the formulary does not guarantee that an insured will be prescribed that prescription drug by his or her prescribing provider for a specific medical condition. As required by law, the Company periodically updates the formulary with any changes. The notice may include a description of the types of changes and the date on which the changes are effective. Changes may include the addition or removal of a drug, dosage, or method of administration from the formulary. A change in tier placement also may occur, resulting in an increase or decrease in the indemnity benefit which could, in turn, impact cost-sharing for the insured. Due to the constant changes to the formulary, it is possible during a benefit period/plan year certain tiers may, or may not, have any drugs included within them. An example of a notice change occurs when a drug becomes available in generic form.